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## SUBSTITUTE SPECIFICATION

#### Sun visor for the interior of a motor vehicle

#### Cross Reference to Related Applications

[0001] The present Application claims the benefit of priority to the following International Application:
PCT Patent Application No. PCT/EP03/0523 titled "Sun Visor For The Interior Of A Motor Vehicle" and filed on May 27, 2003, which claims priority to German Patent Application No. DE10224835.4 titled "Sun Visor For The Interior Of A Motor Vehicle" and filed on June 5, 2002 (which are incorporated by reference in their entirety).

#### Field

[0002] The invention relates to a sun visor which can be opened out in the interior of a motor vehicle from a non-used position into anti-glare positions and can be pivoted from a first, essentially frontal anti-glare position into a second, essentially lateral anti-glare position.

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#### Background

[0003] Patent specification DE 38 29 976 C1 discloses a sun visor of the generic type which typically comprises a sun visor body which can be opened out both downward from a horizontal non-used position and from an anti-glare position in front of the windshield to a position in front of the side window of the vehicle by an L-shaped bearing bracket mounted rotatably in a pillow block, on the one hand, and in the sun visor body, on the other hand. In such known sun visors, the flat side of the sun visor body

which faces outward in the first frontal anti-glare position faces the vehicle interior in the second, lateral anti-glare position.

5 [0004] This generally customary design is disadvantageous insofar as accessories, such as for example mirrors, retaining devices for parking tickets or the like, which are provided on a flat side of the sun visor body are accessible to the occupants only in one anti-glare position, usually the frontal position.

#### Summary

[0005] The embodiments of the present invention are based on the object of providing a sun visor which avoids the abovementioned disadvantages of the prior art.

[0006] The object is achieved according to the
disclosed embodiments by a sun visor body that is
guided by a guide device in such a manner that, in each
anti-glare position, the same flat side of the sun
visor body faces the vehicle interior.

According to a first embodiment, the sun 25 visor body is guided pivotably from the first into the second anti-glare position via a rail guide, which is arranged on the roof lining of the vehicle and via an articulated arm which is arranged rotatably both on the 30 roof lining and on the sun visor body. The articulated arm comprises two bent half arms which, when the sun visor is opened out from the non-used position into an anti-glare position, can be rotated in relation to each other about an essentially horizontal axis. In order to produce a joint, the half arms can have two limbs 35 which can be inserted rotatably one inside the other. Preferably, the first half arm for pivoting the sun

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visor from the first into the second anti-glare position is mounted rotatably about a first essentially vertical axis in the roof lining, and the second half arm is mounted rotatably about a second, vertical axis, which is offset parallel to the first axis, in the sun visor body.

[0008] In order to retain the sun visor body in the frontal anti-glare position, the articulated arm can be latched releasably by a latching device to the sun visor body situated in the first, frontal anti-glare position.

[0009] The rail guide includes a guide rail, which 15 is fastened to the roof lining and is arranged horizontally essentially transversely with respect to the direction of travel, and a slider which is fastened to the sun visor body. The slider may be provided with a bent arm piece which, when the sun visor is pivoted 20 from the first into the second anti-glare position, can be rotated about an axis which is essentially vertical with respect to the guide rail. The sun visor body can preferably be opened out from the non-used position into an anti-glare position about an essentially horizontal limb of the arm piece. In this case, the 25 arm piece and the articulated arm are in operative connection in such a manner that the sun visor body can only be opened out from the non-used position into an anti-glare position if the horizontal limbs of the articulated arm and the horizontal limb of the arm 30 piece are aligned with one another.

[0010] By means of a locking device acting in the region of the horizontal limb of the arm piece, the sun visor body can be retained releasably in particular in its generally approximately horizontal non-used position.

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Visor body is guided pivotably from the first into the second anti-glare position via a pair of articulated arms forming a four bar linkage, with axes of articulation which are essentially vertical with respect to the roof lining. The pair of articulated arms can be mounted on the sun visor in an articulated block, in which the sun visor is arranged in a manner such that it can be opened out about an essentially horizontal axis of articulation to pivot it from the non-used position into an anti-glare position, preferably with the use of a locking device which acts in the region of the horizontal axis and releasably retains the sun visor body in the non-used position.

are shown in contact in the first and/or second antiglare position so as to form an end stop, it being possible between the articulated arms to provide a latching device which acts in the region of this end stop and retains the sun visor body in the desired anti-glare position. As an alternative, at least one joint of the four bar linkage can be designed such that it can be overstretched in the manner of a toggle lever, overcoming a dead-center position, in order to lock the sun visor body in the first and/or second anti-glare position.

## Brief Description of the Figures

[0013] The figures illustrate schematically different embodiments by way of example.

# 35 In the figures:

Fig. 1 shows a sun visor according to a first

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embodiment for the left vehicle occupant in a frontal anti-glare position from the vehicle occupant view.

- 5 Fig. 2 shows the sun visor according to Fig. 1 in a top view in various anti-glare positions.
  - Fig. 3 shows an enlarged detail from Fig. 1 together with an illustration of the latching device.
- Fig. 4 shows an enlarged detail from Fig. 1 with an illustration of the locking device.
- Fig. 5 shows a further sun visor according to another
  embodiment in a frontal anti-glare position
  from the vehicle occupant's view.
  - Fig. 6 shows the sun visor from Fig. 5 in top view in various anti-glare positions.
  - Fig. 7 shows an enlarged detail from Fig. 1 together with an illustration of the locking device.
- Fig. 8 shows a schematic diagram of the design of the four bar linkage from Fig. 5.

# Detailed Description

- [0014] The sun visor 1 which is illustrated in Fig.
  30 1 comprises a sun visor body 2 which is connected to
   the roof lining 4 of a motor vehicle via a guide device
  3.
- [0015] The guide device 3 comprises, (as shown in Fig. 2), a rail guide 5 with a guide rail 5a which is arranged in a fixed position on the roof lining 4 and extends horizontally and transversely with respect to

the direction of travel (Y-axis of the vehicle). A slider 6 is inserted into the guide rail 5a in a longitudinally displaceable manner and accommodates a bent arm piece 7. The arm piece 7 can be rotated with its first limb 8 about a vertical axis 9 in the slider 6 and with its second limb 10 about a horizontal axis 11 in the sun visor body 2.

The guide device 3 further comprises an articulated arm 12 which is composed from two bent half 10 The first half arm 13 is mounted with one arms 13, 14. limb 15 in a rotatable manner about a vertical axis of rotation 16 in a small pillow block 17, which is fastened to the roof lining 4 in the vicinity of the side window of the vehicle, while the second half arm 15 14 engages with a limb 18 in a rotatable manner about a vertical axis of rotation 19 approximately centrally in the upper edge of the sun visor body 2. The two half arms 13, 14 are connected to each other rotatably about 20 a horizontal axis of rotation 22 by their remaining limbs 20, 21, which can be inserted one inside the other. On its upper edge, the sun visor body 2 has a recess 23 which provides the space necessary for receiving the articulated arm 12.

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[0017] When the horizontal axes of rotation 11 and 22 of the arm piece 7 and of the articulated arm 12 are aligned with each other, the sun visor body can be opened out downward in front of the windshield from an approximately horizontal non-used position, in which it rests, if appropriate, against the roof lining 4, into the frontal anti-glare position (shown as position A). In the process, the half arms 13, 14 rotate in relation to each other about the horizontal axis of rotation 22 and the arm piece 7 rotates about the axis of rotation 11 which is horizontal with respect to the sun visor body 2.

[0018] As is apparent in Fig. 2, the sun visor body can be pivoted from position A via any desired intermediate positions (for example position C) into a lateral anti-glare position (position B), in which the 5 side window of the vehicle is covered in some regions. In this case, the articulated arm 12 rotates in small pillow blocks 17 and the sun visor body 2 rotates about the vertical axes of rotation 16 and 19. At the same 10 time, the slider 6 is displaced horizontally and transversely with respect to the direction of travel outward toward the side window in the guide rail 5a, the arm piece 7 rotating in the slider 6 about the vertical axis of rotation 9. The visor may be pivoted-15 back into the frontal anti-glare position A by a reverse sequence of movement.

[0019] An unintentional pivoting of the sun visor body into the lateral anti-glare position can be 20 avoided by the latching device 24, which is illustrated on an enlarged scale in Fig. 3. A projection 25 protrudes outward horizontally from the half arm 13 and latches in the lateral region of the recess 23 of the sun visor body 2. Pressing of a button 26 embedded next to it in the sun visor body 2 enables the latching 25 connection to be released and the sun visor body 2 to be pivoted without reaching over into the lateral antiglare position. Furthermore, as is apparent from Fig. 4, a locking device 27 is provided in the sun visor 30 body 2, said locking device having a leaf spring 29 which acts on a flattened section 28 of the limb 10 of the arm piece 7 and where the sun visor body 2 is retained releasably in the non-used position.

35 [0020] In the embodiment illustrated in Figs 5 and 6, the guide device 3 for the sun visor body 2 is shown as a four bar linkage, with a doubly bent pair of

articulated arms 30, 31 mounted at a distance from each other at one end in the small pillow block 17 and at their other end in an articulated block 32 in a manner such that they can rotate about vertical axes of rotation 33 to 36. While the small pillow block 17 is connected in a fixed position to the roof lining 4, the articulated block 32 accommodates a spindle piece 37 which is embedded into the sun visor body 2 and about which the latter can be opened from any desired nonused position into an anti-glare position. A locking device 27, which acts analogously to the previously described device, in the articulated block 32 retains the sun visor body 2 in the non-used position (see Fig. 7).

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The sun visor body 2 may be retained in the frontal anti-glare position (position A) by the four bar linkage which is shown overstretched in the manner of a toggle lever beyond a dead-center position 38 into 20 the position illustrated in Fig. 8, with the articulated arms 30, 31 being briefly elastically In the end position, a virtual straight line X, which connects the axes of rotation 35, 36 in the articulated block 32, is no longer aligned with the rear axis of rotation 34, but encloses an obtuse angle 25  $\alpha$  together with the associated articulated arm 31. this case, the bent region of the rear articulated arm 31, which forms the axis of rotation 36, bears laterally against the other articulated arm 30 and 30 serves as an end stop for the four bar linkage. addition or as an alternative to the toggle lever design, a releasable latching device 39 acting between the articulated arms 30, 31 can be provided.

35 [0022] The sun visor body 2 may also be retained in the lateral anti-glare position.